

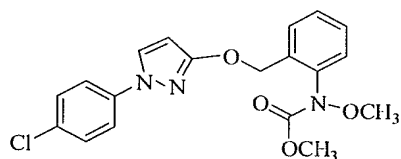
# SUBSTITUTED AZOLE COMPOUNDS AND ITS PREPARATION AND USE THEREOF

## FIELD OF THE INVENTION

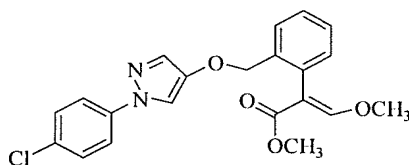
The invention relates to fungicide or insecticide, especially to substituted azole compounds and its preparation method and use thereof.

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

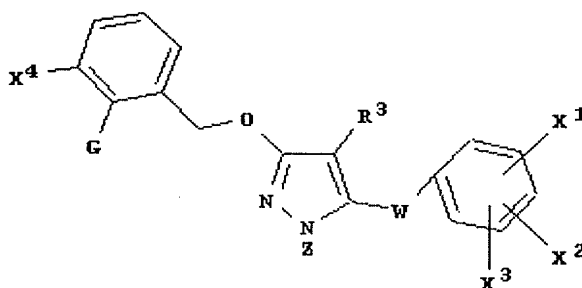
Strobilurin (methoxyacrylate) compounds are natural products and known with biological active. Fungicide pyraclostrobin with broad spectrum was disclosed in US5869517, US6054592, CN1154692A and CN1308065A. The structure of pyraclostrobin is as follows:



The following Compound with fungicidal activity was also disclosed in DE19548786:



The following Compound with fungicidal activity is known in patent WO9933812:



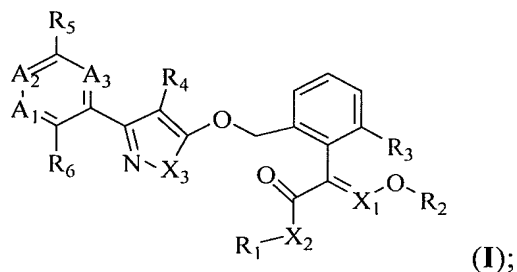
The above compounds were similar to this invention, but there are some obvious difference.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The aim of the present invention is to provide substituted azole compounds with biological activity against all sorts of plant disease and insects at very low dosage, and the compounds can be applied in agriculture to control disease and insects in plant.

Detailed description of the invention is as follows:

The present invention offered substituted azole compounds having general formula (I):



wherein:  $X_1$  is selected from CH or N;  $X_2$  is selected from O, S or  $NR_7$ ;  $X_3$  is selected from O, S or  $NR_8$ ;

$A_1$  is selected from N or  $CR_9$ ;  $A_2$  is selected from N or  $CR_{10}$ ;  $A_3$  is selected from N or  $CR_{11}$ ; and if selected from N, only one of  $A_1$ ,  $A_2$  or  $A_3$  is selected from N.

$R_1$ ,  $R_2$  may be the same or different, selected from H,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  haloalkyl;

$R_3$  is selected from H, halo,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$ haloalkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$ alkoxy;

$R_7$  is selected from H or  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$ alkyl;

$R_8$  is selected from H,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$ alkyl;  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$ haloalkyl;  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$ alkoxycarbonyl or  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$ alkoxycarbonyl $C_1$ - $C_{12}$ alkyl;

$R_4$ ,  $R_5$ ,  $R_6$ ,  $R_9$ ,  $R_{10}$  and  $R_{11}$  may be the same or different, selected from H, halo,  $NO_2$ , CN,  $CONH_2$ ,  $CH_2CONH_2$ ,  $CH_2CN$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$ haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$ alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$ haloalkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$ alkylthio,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$ alkylsulfonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$ alkylcarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$ alkoxy $C_1$ - $C_{12}$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$ alkoxycarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$ alkoxycarbonyl $C_1$ - $C_{12}$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$ haloalkoxy $C_1$ - $C_{12}$ alkyl, or groups may be substituted by any other groups: amino $C_1$ - $C_{12}$ alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl; aroxy, aryl $C_1$ - $C_{12}$ alkyl, aryl $C_1$ - $C_{12}$ alkoxy, heteroaryl $C_1$ - $C_{12}$ alkyl or heteroaryl $C_1$ - $C_{12}$ alkoxy;

and stereoisomer.

The preferred compounds of general formula (I) of this invention are:

$X_1$  is selected from CH or N;  $X_2$  is selected from O, S or  $NR_7$ ;  $X_3$  is selected from O, S or  $NR_8$ ;

$A_1$  is selected from N or  $CR_9$ ,  $A_2$  is selected from N or  $CR_{10}$ ,  $A_3$  is selected from N or  $CR_{11}$ , and if selected from N, only one of  $A_1$ ,  $A_2$  or  $A_3$  is selected from N;

$R_1$ ,  $R_2$  may be the same or different, select from H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_6$ haloalkyl;

$R_3$  is selected from H, halo,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ haloalkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkoxy;

$R_7$  is selected from H or  $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkyl;

$R_8$  is selected from H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkyl;  $C_1$ - $C_6$ haloalkyl;  $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkoxycarbonyl or  $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkoxycarbonyl $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkyl;

$R_4$ ,  $R_5$ ,  $R_6$ ,  $R_9$ ,  $R_{10}$  and  $R_{11}$  may be the same or different, selected from H, halo,  $NO_2$ , CN,  $CONH_2$ ,  $CH_2CONH_2$ ,  $CH_2CN$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ haloalkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkylthio,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkylsulfonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkylcarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkoxy $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkoxycarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkoxycarbonyl $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ haloalkoxy $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkyl, or groups may be substituted by any other groups:

aminoC<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aroxy, arylC<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, arylC<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxy, heteroarylC<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl or heteroarylC<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxy.

Further more, the preferred compounds of general formula (I) of this invention are:

X<sub>1</sub> is selected from CH or N; X<sub>2</sub> is selected from O or NH; X<sub>3</sub> is selected from O, S or NR<sub>8</sub>;

A<sub>1</sub> is selected from N or CR<sub>9</sub>, A<sub>2</sub> is selected from N or CR<sub>10</sub>, A<sub>3</sub> is selected from N or CR<sub>11</sub>, and if selected from N, only one of A<sub>1</sub>, A<sub>2</sub> or A<sub>3</sub> is selected from N;

R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub> is CH<sub>3</sub>;

R<sub>3</sub> is selected from H or CH<sub>3</sub>;

R<sub>8</sub> is selected from H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkoxycarbonyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxycarbonylC<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl;

R<sub>4</sub>, R<sub>5</sub>, R<sub>6</sub>, R<sub>9</sub>, R<sub>10</sub> and R<sub>11</sub> may be the same or different, selected from H, halo, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CN, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxycarbonylC<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkoxyC<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, or groups may be substituted by any other groups: aminoC<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, phenyl, phenoxy, benzyl or benzyloxy.

Even more preferred compounds of formula (I) of this invention are:

X<sub>1</sub> is selected from CH or N; X<sub>2</sub> is selected from O or NH; X<sub>3</sub> is selected from O or NR<sub>8</sub>;

A<sub>1</sub> is selected from N or CR<sub>9</sub>, A<sub>2</sub> is selected from N or CR<sub>10</sub>, A<sub>3</sub> is selected from N or CR<sub>11</sub>, and if selected from N, only one of A<sub>1</sub>, A<sub>2</sub> or A<sub>3</sub> is selected from N;

R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub> is CH<sub>3</sub>;

R<sub>3</sub> is H;

R<sub>8</sub> is selected from H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>haloalkyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkoxycarbonyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkoxycarbonylC<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl;

R<sub>4</sub>, R<sub>5</sub>, R<sub>6</sub>, R<sub>9</sub>, R<sub>10</sub> and R<sub>11</sub> may be the same or different, selected from H, Cl, Br, F, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, CH<sub>2</sub>CN, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxycarbonylC<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>haloalkoxyC<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, substituted aminoC<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, phenyl or substituted phenyl, phenoxy or substituted phenoxy.

Most preferred compounds of formula (I) of this invention are:

X<sub>1</sub> is selected from CH or N; X<sub>2</sub> is selected from O or NH; X<sub>3</sub> is selected from O or NR<sub>8</sub>;

A<sub>1</sub> is selected from N or CR<sub>9</sub>, A<sub>2</sub> is selected from N or CR<sub>10</sub>, A<sub>3</sub> is selected from N or CR<sub>11</sub>, and if selected from N, only one of A<sub>1</sub>, A<sub>2</sub> or A<sub>3</sub> is selected from N;

R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub> is CH<sub>3</sub>;

R<sub>3</sub> is H;

R<sub>8</sub> is selected from H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>haloalkyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkoxycarbonyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkoxycarbonylC<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl;

R<sub>4</sub>, R<sub>5</sub>, R<sub>6</sub>, R<sub>9</sub>, R<sub>10</sub> and R<sub>11</sub> may be the same or different, selected from H, Cl, Br, F, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxycarbonylC<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, phenyl or halo phenyl, phenoxy or halophenoxy.

The following is the meaning of terms in the general formula (I):

Phenoxy, benzyloxy, phenyl, benzyl may be substituted at any position by 0-5 groups, selected from H, alkyl, alkoxy, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, halo, NO<sub>2</sub> or CN etc.

Halogen or halo is meant to include fluoro, chloro, bromo and iodo.

The alkyl includes either straight or branched chain alkyl such as methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl and tert-butyl.

The haloalkyl refers to straight or branched chain alkyl, in which hydrogen atom may be all or partly substituted with halogen, such as chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl.

The alkoxy refers to straight or branched chain alkyl, which is linked to the structure by oxygen atom.

The haloalkoxy refers to straight or branched chain alkoxy, in which hydrogen atom may be all or partly substituted with halogen, such as chloromethoxy, dichloromethoxy, trichloromethoxy, fluoromethoxy, difluoromethoxy, trifluoromethoxy, chlorofluoromethoxy or trifluoroethoxy.

The alkenyl refers to a straight or branched, having double bonds at any position such as vinyl or allyl. Substituted alkenyl includes arylvinyl which is substituted at any position with any group.

The alkynyl refers to a straight or branched, having triple bonds at any position. Such as ethynyl, propynyl. Substituted alkynyl includes ary lethynyl which is substituted at any position with any group.

The aryl and aryl in arylalkyl, arylalkenyl, arylalkynyl, aryloxy, aryloxyalkyl include phenyl and naphthyl.

The hetero aryl in this invention refers to five member ring or six member ring containing one or many N, O, S hetero atom. Such as pyridine, furan, pyrimidine, pyrazine, pyridazine, triazine, quinoline or benzofuran.

Because of the C=C or C=N link to different substituted group, the compounds of the invention may form geometrical isomer (the different isomers are respectively expressed with Z and E). Z isomer and E isomer and their mixture in any proportion are included in the invention.

The present invention is explained by the following compounds in table 1-3, but without being restricted thereby.

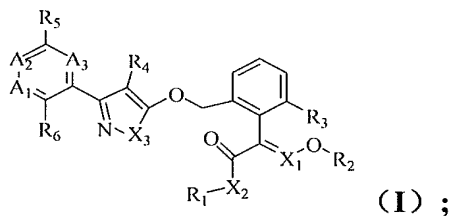


Table 1 wherein:  $R_1$ 、 $R_2$ =CH<sub>3</sub>,  $R_3$ =H,  $X_1$ =CH,  $X_2$ =O

No.	X <sub>3</sub>	R <sub>4</sub>	R <sub>5</sub>	R <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>
1	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	CH	CH
2	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-Cl	CH
3	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-F	CH
4	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-NO <sub>2</sub>	CH
5	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
6	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-CN	CH
7	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-CH <sub>3</sub>	CH
8	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
9	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
10	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-Cl	C-Cl
11	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	C-F	C-Cl	C-Cl
12	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
13	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-F	C-Cl
14	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	Cl	H	C-Cl	CH	CH
15	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-CH <sub>3</sub>	CH
16	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	CH	CH
17	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-Cl	CH
18	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-F	CH
19	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-NO <sub>2</sub>	CH
20	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
21	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-CN	CH
22	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-CO <sub>2</sub> Me	CH
23	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
24	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
25	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-Cl	C-Cl
26	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	C-F	C-Cl	C-Cl
27	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-F	C-Cl
28	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	Cl	H	C-Cl	CH	CH
29	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CN	H	H	CH	C-Cl	CH
30	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	CH	C-Cl	CH
31	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CN	H	H	CH	C-F	CH
32	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CN	H	H	CH	C-NO <sub>2</sub>	CH
33	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CN	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
34	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CN	H	H	CH	C-CN	CH
35	NCH <sub>3</sub>	OCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	CH	C-CO <sub>2</sub> Me	CH
36	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CN	H	H	CH	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
37	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CN	H	H	CH	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
38	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CN	H	H	CH	C-Cl	C-Cl
39	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CN	H	H	C-F	C-Cl	C-Cl
40	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CN	H	H	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
41	NCH <sub>3</sub>	OCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	CH	C-F	C-Cl
42	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Br	H	H	CH	C-Cl	CH
43	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	CH	CH	CH
44	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	CH	C-Cl	CH

45	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	CH	C-F	CH
46	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	CH	C-NO <sub>2</sub>	CH
47	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
48	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	CH	C-CN	CH
49	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	CH	C-CO <sub>2</sub> Me	CH
50	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	CH	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
51	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	CH	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
52	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	CH	C-Cl	C-Cl
53	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	C-F	C-Cl	C-Cl
54	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
55	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	CH	C-F	C-Cl
56	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	Cl	H	C-Cl	CH	CH
57	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	CH	N
58	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-Cl	N
59	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	N
60	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	C-Cl	CH	N
61	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	N
62	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	Cl	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	N
63	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	CH	N
64	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-Cl	N
65	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	N
66	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	C-Cl	CH	N
67	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	N
68	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	Cl	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	N
69	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	N	C-Cl	CH
70	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	N	C-F	CH
71	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	N	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
72	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	N	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
73	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	N	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
74	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-OCH <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
75	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	N	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	C-Cl
76	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	N	C-F	CH
77	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	N	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
78	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	N	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
79	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	N	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
80	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	N	C-OCH <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
81	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	N	CH
82	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	N	CH
83	O	H	H	H	CH	CH	CH
84	O	H	H	H	CH	C-Cl	CH
85	O	H	H	H	CH	C-F	CH
86	O	H	H	H	CH	C-NO <sub>2</sub>	CH
87	O	H	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
88	O	H	H	H	CH	C-CN	CH
89	O	H	H	H	CH	C-CO <sub>2</sub> Me	CH
90	O	H	H	H	CH	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
91	O	H	H	H	CH	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
92	O	H	H	H	CH	C-Cl	C-Cl
93	O	H	H	H	C-F	C-Cl	C-Cl
94	O	H	H	H	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
95	O	H	H	H	CH	C-F	C-Cl
96	O	H	Cl	H	C-Cl	CH	CH
97	O	H	H	H	CH	C-CH <sub>3</sub>	CH
98	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-Cl	CH
99	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-F	CH

100	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-NO <sub>2</sub>	CH
101	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
102	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-CN	CH
103	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-CO <sub>2</sub> Me	CH
104	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
105	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
106	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-Cl	C-Cl
107	O	Cl	H	H	C-F	C-Cl	C-Cl
108	O	Cl	H	H	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
109	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-F	C-Cl
110	O	Cl	Cl	H	C-Cl	CH	CH
111	O	CH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	CH	C-Cl	CH
112	O	CH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	CH	C-OCH <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
113	O	CN	H	H	CH	C-F	CH
114	O	CN	H	H	CH	C-NO <sub>2</sub>	CH
115	O	CN	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
116	O	CN	H	H	CH	C-CN	CH
117	O	CN	H	H	CH	C-CO <sub>2</sub> Me	CH
118	O	CN	H	H	CH	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
119	O	CN	H	H	CH	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
120	O	CN	H	H	CH	C-Cl	C-Cl
121	O	CN	H	H	C-F	C-Cl	C-Cl
122	O	OCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	CH	C-Cl	CH
123	O	OCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	CH	C-F	CH
124	O	OCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
125	O	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	CH	CH	CH
126	O	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	CH	C-Cl	CH
127	O	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	CH	C-F	CH
128	O	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	CH	C-NO <sub>2</sub>	CH
129	O	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
130	O	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	CH	C-CN	CH
131	O	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	CH	C-CO <sub>2</sub> Me	CH
132	O	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	CH	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
133	O	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	CH	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
134	O	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	CH	C-Cl	C-Cl
135	O	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	C-F	C-Cl	C-Cl
136	O	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
137	O	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	CH	C-F	C-Cl
138	O	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	Cl	H	C-Cl	CH	CH
139	O	H	H	H	CH	CH	N
140	O	H	H	H	CH	C-Cl	N
141	O	H	H	H	CH	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	N
142	O	H	H	H	C-Cl	CH	N
143	O	H	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	N
144	O	H	H	Cl	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	N
145	O	Cl	H	H	CH	CH	N
146	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-Cl	N
147	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	N
148	O	Cl	H	H	C-Cl	CH	N
149	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	N
150	O	Cl	H	Cl	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	N
151	O	H	H	H	N	C-Cl	CH
152	O	H	H	H	N	C-F	CH
153	O	H	H	H	N	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
154	O	H	H	H	N	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH

155	O	H	H	H	N	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
156	O	H	H	H	N	C-OCH <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
157	O	Cl	H	H	N	C-Cl	CH
158	O	Cl	H	H	N	C-F	CH
159	O	Cl	H	H	N	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
160	O	Cl	H	H	N	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
161	O	Cl	H	H	N	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
162	O	Cl	H	H	N	C-OCH <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
163	O	H	H	H	CH	N	CH
164	O	Cl	H	H	CH	N	CH
165	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-SCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
166	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	CH
167	NH	H	H	H	CH	C-F	CH
168	NH	H	H	H	CH	C-NO <sub>2</sub>	CH
169	NH	H	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
170	NH	H	H	H	CH	C-CN	CH
171	NH	H	H	H	CH	C-Cl	CH
172	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-Br	CH
173	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	CH	CH	CH
174	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-OPh	CH
175	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	C-Cl	C-OPh-4-Cl	CH
176	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-OPh-4-Br	CH
177	NH	H	H	H	CH	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
178	NH	H	H	H	CH	C-Cl	C-Cl
179	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-Ph-4-Cl	CH
180	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	CH	C-C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	CH
181	NH	Cl	H	H	CH	C-F	CH
182	NH	Cl	H	H	CH	C-NO <sub>2</sub>	CH
183	NH	Cl	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
184	NH	Cl	H	H	CH	C-CN	CH
185	NH	Cl	H	H	CH	C-CO <sub>2</sub> Me	CH
186	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	CH	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
187	NH	Cl	H	H	CH	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
188	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	CH	C-CH <sub>3</sub>	CH
189	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	Cl	C-H	C-H	C-H
190	NPr i	H	H	H	CH	C-Cl	CH
191	NH	Cl	H	H	CH	C-F	C-Cl
192	NH	Cl	Cl	H	C-Cl	CH	CH
193	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CN	H	H	CH	CH	CH
194	NH	CN	H	H	CH	C-Cl	CH
195	NH	CN	H	H	CH	C-F	CH
196	NH	CN	H	H	CH	C-NO <sub>2</sub>	CH
197	NH	CN	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
198	NH	CN	H	H	CH	C-CN	CH
199	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Ph-4-Cl	H	H	CH	C-Cl	CH
200	NCH <sub>3</sub>	OPh	H	H	CH	C-Cl	CH
201	NH	CN	H	H	CH	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
202	NH	CN	H	H	CH	C-Cl	C-Cl
203	NH	CN	H	H	C-F	C-Cl	C-Cl
204	NCH <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	H	H	CH	C-Cl	CH
205	NCH <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7-n</sub>	H	H	CH	C-Cl	CH
206	NCH <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7-i</sub>	H	H	CH	C-Cl	CH
207	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Ph	H	H	CH	C-Cl	CH
208	NH	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	CH	C-Cl	CH
209	NH	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	CH	C-F	CH



210	NH	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	CH	C-NO <sub>2</sub>	CH
211	NH	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
212	NH	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	CH	C-CN	CH
213	NH	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	CH	C-CO <sub>2</sub> Me	CH
214	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	CH	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>
215	NH	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	CH	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
216	NH	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	CH	C-Cl	C-Cl
217	NH	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	C-F	C-Cl	C-Cl
218	NH	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
219	NH	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	H	H	CH	C-F	C-Cl
220	NH	CO <sub>2</sub> Me	Cl	H	C-Cl	CH	CH
221	NH	H	H	H	CH	CH	N
222	NH	H	H	H	CH	C-Cl	*N
223	NH	H	H	H	CH	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	N
224	NH	H	H	H	C-Cl	CH	N
225	NH	H	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	N
226	NH	H	H	Cl	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	N
227	NH	Cl	H	H	CH	CH	N
228	NH	Cl	H	H	CH	C-Cl	N
229	NH	Cl	H	H	CH	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	N
230	NH	Cl	H	H	C-Cl	CH	N
231	NH	Cl	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	N
232	NH	Cl	H	Cl	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	N
233	NH	H	H	H	N	C-Cl	CH
234	NH	H	H	H	N	C-F	CH
235	NH	H	H	H	N	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
236	NH	H	H	H	N	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
237	NH	H	H	H	N	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
238	NH	H	H	H	N	C-OCH <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
239	NH	Cl	H	H	N	C-Cl	CH
240	NH	Cl	H	H	N	C-F	CH
241	NH	Cl	H	H	N	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
242	NH	Cl	H	H	N	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
243	NH	Cl	H	H	N	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
244	NH	Cl	H	H	N	C-OCH <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
245	NH	H	H	H	CH	N	CH
246	NH	Cl	H	H	CH	N	CH

Physical and chemical property and <sup>1</sup>HNMR spectrum (<sup>1</sup>HNMR, 300Hz, internal standard:TMS, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of some compounds of this invention are as follows:

Compound 1: m.p. 123-127°C. δppm 7.73-7.21(m, 10H, Ar-H), 5.78(s, 1H, Het-H), 5.04(s, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.84(s, 3H, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.71(s, 6H, 2OCH<sub>3</sub>).

Compound 2: m.p. 129-121°C. δppm 7.61-7.16(m, 9H, Ar-H), 5.67(s, 1H, Het-H), 5.09(s, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.82(s, 3H, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.71(s, 3H, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.69(s, 3H, OCH<sub>3</sub>).

Compound 3: m.p. 107-109°C. δppm 7.71-7.02(m, 9H, Ar-H), 5.73(s, 1H, Het-H), 5.04(s, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.84(s, 3H, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.71(s, 6H, 2OCH<sub>3</sub>).

Compound 4: m.p. 162-164°C. δppm 8.66-7.27(m, 8H, Ar-H), 5.85(s, 1H, Het-H), 5.06(s, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.85(s, 3H, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.73(s, 3H, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.72(s, 3H, OCH<sub>3</sub>).

Compound 5: viscous oil. δppm 7.75-7.16(m, 9H, Ar-H), 5.73(s, 1H, Het-H), 5.11(s, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.82(s, 3H, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.74(s, 3H, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.69(s, 3H, OCH<sub>3</sub>).

Compound 10: m.p. 154-157°C. δppm 3.70-3.72(6H, d), 3.83(3H, d), 5.05(2H,

s), 6.00(1H, s), 7.19-7.22(1H, m), 7.25-7.28(1H, m), 7.36-7.39(2H, m), 7.42-7.43(1H, m), 7.51-7.54(1H, m), 7.61(1H, s), 7.71-7.74(1H, m).

Compound 11:  $\delta$ ppm 3.67(3H, s), 3.83(3H, s), 4.06(3H, s), 5.00(2H, s), 5.27(1H, m), 7.15-7.18(1H, m), 7.23-7.27(2H, m), 7.33-7.43(1H, m), 7.58(1H, s), 7.76(1H, s), 7.90-7.93(1H, m).

Compound 12: viscous oil.

Compound 15: m.p. 137-139°C.  $\delta$ ppm 2.35(3H, s), 3.70(3H, s), 3.71(3H, s), 3.84(3H, s), 5.03(2H, s), 5.75(1H, s), 7.16-7.18(1H, m), 7.36-7.39(2H, m), 7.51-7.55(1H, m), 7.59-7.62(3H, m).

Compound 29: m.p. 56-60°C.  $\delta$ ppm (DMSO) 2.79(3H, s), 3.58(3H, s), 3.78(3H, s), 4.09(2H, s), 7.05(1H, m), 7.26-7.29(2H, m), 7.47-7.50(2H, m), 7.64-7.67(2H, m), 7.74-7.77(2H, m).

Compound 30: m.p. 69-71°C.  $\delta$ ppm 1.85(3H, s), 3.61(3H, s), 3.69(3H, s), 3.82(3H, s), 5.16(2H, s), 7.15-7.19(1H, m), 7.23-7.26(2H, m), 7.31-7.40(2H, m), 7.43-7.46(2H, m), 7.58(1H, s), 7.61-7.65(1H, m).

Compound 69: m.p. 137-140°C.  $\delta$  ppm 8.30-7.27(m, 8H, Ar-H), 5.79(s, 1H, Het-H), 5.06(s, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.85(s, 3H, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.73(s, 3H, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.72(s, 3H, OCH<sub>3</sub>).

Compound 74: m.p. 92-94°C.  $\delta$ ppm 3.68(3H, s), 3.71(3H, s), 3.83(3H, s), 4.32-4.40(2H, q), 5.03(2H, s), 5.71(1H, s), 6.91-6.96(2H, m), 7.19-7.22(1H, m), 7.34-7.41(2H, m), 7.52-7.55(1H, m), 7.61(1H, s), 7.64-7.69(2H, m).

Compound 80: m.p. 122-125°C.  $\delta$ ppm 3.71-3.72(6H, d), 3.85(3H, s), 4.72-4.81(2H, m), 5.06(2H, s), 5.74(1H, s), 6.86-6.89(1H, d), 7.20-7.26(1H, m), 7.36-7.40(2H, m), 7.51-7.54(1H, m), 7.62(1H, s), 8.03-8.07(1H, dd), 8.42-8.43(1H, m).

Compound 83: viscous oil.  $\delta$  ppm 7.78-7.15(m, 10H, Ar-H), 5.46(s, 1H, Het-H), 5.18(s, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.85(s, 3H, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.72(s, 3H, OCH<sub>3</sub>).

Compound 84: viscous oil.

Compound 86: m.p. 137-140°C.  $\delta$ ppm 8.22-7.20(m, 9H, Ar-H), 5.54(s, 1H, Het-H), 5.21(s, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.86(s, 3H, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.74(s, 3H, OCH<sub>3</sub>).

Compound 97: viscous oil.  $\delta$ ppm 2.38(3H, s), 3.72(3H, s), 3.85(3H, s), 5.17(2H, s), 5.43(1H, s), 7.21-7.26(3H, m), 7.37-7.40(2H, m), 7.59-7.64(4H, m).

Compound 111: viscous oil.  $\delta$  ppm 1.91(3H, s), 3.70(3H, s), 3.83(3H, s), 5.31(2H, s), 7.31-7.35(1H, m), 7.37-7.44(4H, m), 7.55-7.61(4H, m).

Compound 151: viscous oil.  $\delta$  ppm 3.73(3H, s), 3.86(3H, s), 5.20(2H, s), 5.48(1H, s), 7.26(1H, m), 7.37-7.42(3H, m), 7.55-7.58(1H, m), 7.64(1H, s), 8.02-8.06(1H, dd), 8.66-8.67(1H, d).

Compound 165: m.p. 127-129°C.  $\delta$  ppm 2.50(3H, s), 3.69-3.71(6H, d), 3.83(3H, s), 5.03(2H, s), 5.74(1H, s), 7.19-7.23(2H, m), 7.26-7.27(1H, m), 7.36-7.39(2H, m), 7.52-7.56(1H, m), 7.61-7.62(2H, m), 7.65(1H, s).

Compound 172: m.p. 104-106°C.  $\delta$  ppm 3.68-3.75(6H, m), 3.83(3H, s), 5.03(2H, s), 5.74(1H, s), 7.19-7.23(1H, m), 7.36-7.39(2H, m), 7.46(1H, m), 7.48-7.49(1H, m), 7.52-7.55(1H, m), 7.56-7.57(1H, m), 7.59-7.60(1H, m), 7.61(1H, s).

Compound 173: viscous oil.  $\delta$  ppm 1.87(3H, s), 3.63(3H, s), 3.69(3H, s),

3.82(3H, s), 5.16(2H, s), 7.16-7.19(1H, m), 7.30-7.49(7H, m), 7.59(1H, s), 7.64-7.67(1H, m).

Compound 174: viscous oil.  $\delta$ ppm 3.69(3H, s), 3.71(3H, s), 3.84(3H, s), 5.03(2H, s), 5.73(1H, s), 6.99-7.03(2H, m), 7.10(2H, m), 7.19-7.22(1H, m), 7.31-7.34(2H, m), 7.36-7.39(2H, m), 7.52-7.55(1H, m), 7.61(1H, s), 7.66-7.69(2H, m).

Compound 179: m.p. 161-163°C.  $\delta$ ppm 3.71(3H, s), 3.72(3H, s), 3.85(3H, s), 5.05(2H, s), 5.81(1H, s), 6.82-6.85(1H, m), 7.20-7.24(1H, m), 7.35-7.42(4H, m), 7.52-7.57(4H, m), 7.52-7.57(4H, m), 7.62(1H, s), 7.76-7.81(2H, m).

Compound 180: viscous oil.  $\delta$ ppm 1.26-1.31(3H, m), 1.87(3H, s), 2.70(2H, q), 3.63-3.69(6H, d), 3.82(3H, s), 5.15(2H, s), 7.24-7.28(7H, m), 7.59(1H, s), 7.62-7.65(1H, d).

Compound 186: viscous oil.  $\delta$ ppm 2.48(3H, s), 3.68-3.70(6H, d), 3.82(3H, s), 5.02(2H, s), 5.740(1H, s), 7.22-7.25(2H, m), 7.35-7.37(2H, m), 7.38-7.52(1H, m), 7.61-7.65(2H, m).

Compound 188: viscous oil.  $\delta$ ppm 1.86(3H, s), 2.41(3H, s), 3.62(3H, s), 3.68(3H, s), 3.82(3H, s), 5.15(2H, s), 7.19-7.22(3H, m), 7.29-7.32(4H, m), 7.59(1H, s), 7.62-7.64(1H, s).

Compound 189: viscous oil.  $\delta$ ppm 3.59(3H, s), 3.71(3H, s), 3.82(3H, s), 5.11(2H, s), 5.67(1H, s), 7.26-7.30(2H, d), 7.35(4H, s), 7.37-7.39(1H, m), 7.40-7.60(2H, m).

Compound 190: viscous oil.  $\delta$  ppm 1.46-1.48(6H, d), 3.71(3H, s), 3.83(3H, s), 4.57(1H, m), 5.03(2H, s), 5.73(1H, s), 7.18-7.22(2H, m), 7.30-7.32(2H, d), 7.36-7.39(2H, m), 7.51(1H, m), 7.61(1H, s), 7.66-7.69(2H, m).

Compound 214: viscous oil.  $\delta$ ppm 1.86(3H, s), 2.41(3H, s), 3.63-3.69(6H, d), 3.82(3H, s), 5.16(2H, s), 7.19-7.25(3H, m), 7.26-7.287(3H, m), 7.35-7.36(1H, m), 7.38-7.59(1H, m).

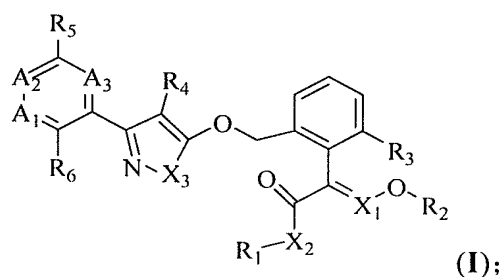


Table 2 wherein:  $R_1, R_2 = \text{CH}_3$ ,  $R_3 = \text{H}$ ,  $X_1 = \text{N}$ ,  $X_2 = \text{O}$

No.	$X_3$	$R_4$	$R_5$	$R_6$	$A_1$	$A_2$	$A_3$
247	$\text{NCH}_3$	H	H	H	CH	CH	CH
248	$\text{NCH}_3$	H	H	H	CH	C-Cl	CH
249	$\text{NCH}_3$	H	H	H	CH	C-F	CH
250	$\text{NCH}_3$	H	H	H	CH	C- $\text{NO}_2$	CH
251	$\text{NCH}_3$	H	H	H	CH	C- $\text{CF}_3$	CH
252	$\text{NCH}_3$	H	H	H	CH	C-CN	CH
253	$\text{NCH}_3$	H	H	H	CH	C- $\text{CO}_2\text{Me}$	CH

254	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-SCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
255	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
256	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-Cl	C-Cl
257	NPr i	H	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H
258	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
259	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-F	C-Cl
260	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	Cl	H	C-Cl	CH	CH
261	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-Br	CH
262	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-Cl	CH
263	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-F	CH
264	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-NO <sub>2</sub>	CH
265	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
266	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-CN	CH
267	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-CO <sub>2</sub> Me	CH
268	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-CH <sub>3</sub>	CH
269	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
270	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-Cl	C-Cl
271	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	C-F	C-Cl	C-Cl
272	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
273	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-F	C-Cl
274	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	Cl	H	C-Cl	CH	CH
275	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	CH	N
276	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-Cl	N
277	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	N
278	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	C-Cl	CH	N
279	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	N
280	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	Cl	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	N
281	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	CH	N
282	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-Cl	N
283	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	N
284	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-Br	N
285	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	N
286	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	Cl	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	N
287	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	N	C-Cl	CH
288	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	N	C-F	CH
289	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	N	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
290	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	N	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
291	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	N	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
292	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	N	C-OCH <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
293	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	N	C-Cl	CH
294	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	N	C-F	CH
295	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	N	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
296	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	N	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
297	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	N	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
298	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	N	C-OCH <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
299	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	N	CH
300	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	N	CH
301	O	H	H	H	CH	C-Cl	CH
302	O	CH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	CH	C-Cl	CH
303	O	H	H	H	CH	C-F	CH
304	O	H	H	H	CH	C-NO <sub>2</sub>	CH
305	O	H	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
306	O	H	H	H	CH	C-CN	CH
307	O	H	H	H	CH	C-CO <sub>2</sub> Me	CH
308	O	H	H	H	CH	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH

309	O	H	H	H	CH	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
310	O	H	H	H	CH	C-Cl	C-Cl
311	O	H	H	H	C-F	C-Cl	C-Cl
312	O	H	H	H	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
313	O	H	H	H	CH	C-F	C-Cl
314	O	H	Cl	H	C-Cl	CH	CH
315	O	H	H	H	CH	C-CH <sub>3</sub>	CH
316	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-Cl	CH
317	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-F	CH
318	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-NO <sub>2</sub>	CH
319	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
320	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-CN	CH
321	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-CO <sub>2</sub> Me	CH
322	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
323	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
324	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-Cl	C-Cl
325	O	Cl	H	H	C-F	C-Cl	C-Cl
326	O	Cl	H	H	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
327	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-F	C-Cl
328	O	Cl	Cl	H	C-Cl	CH	CH
329	O	H	H	H	CH	CH	N
330	O	H	H	H	CH	C-Cl	N
331	O	H	H	H	CH	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	N
332	O	H	H	H	C-Cl	CH	N
333	O	H	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	N
334	O	H	H	Cl	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	N
335	O	Cl	H	H	CH	CH	N
336	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-Cl	N
337	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	N
338	O	Cl	H	H	C-Cl	CH	N
339	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	N
340	O	Cl	H	Cl	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	N
341	O	H	H	H	N	C-Cl	CH
342	O	H	H	H	N	C-F	CH
343	O	H	H	H	N	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
344	O	H	H	H	N	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
345	O	H	H	H	N	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
346	O	H	H	H	N	C-OCH <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
347	O	Cl	H	H	N	C-Cl	CH
348	O	Cl	H	H	N	C-F	CH
349	O	Cl	H	H	N	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
350	O	Cl	H	H	N	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
351	O	Cl	H	H	N	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH
352	O	Cl	H	H	N	C-OCH <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
353	O	H	H	H	CH	N	CH
354	O	Cl	H	H	CH	N	CH

Physical and chemical property and <sup>1</sup>HNMR spectrum (<sup>1</sup>HNMR, 300Hz, internal standard:TMS, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of some compounds of this invention are as follows:

Compound 247: viscous oil. δppm 3.69(3H, s), 3.85(3H, s), 4.06(3H, s), 5.02(2H, s), 5.79(1H, s), 7.23-7.26(1H, m), 7.27-7.30(1H, m), 7.34-7.39(2H,m), 7.44-7.53(3H, m), 7.70-7.73(2H, m).

Compound 248: m.p. 102-105°C. δ ppm 3.68(3H, s), 3.85(3H, s), 4.05(3H, s),

5.02(2H, s), 5.75(1H, s), 7.22-7.26(1H, m), 7.31-7.34(2H, m), 7.42-7.56(3H, m), 7.63-7.66(2H, m).

Compound 250: m.p. 138-140°C.  $\delta$  ppm 3.72(3H, s), 3.86(3H, s), 4.06(3H, s), 5.04(2H, s), 5.81(1H, s), 7.26(1H, m), 7.48-7.53(3H, m), 7.85-7.88(2H, d), 8.21-8.24(2H, d).

Compound 254: m.p. 126-128°C.  $\delta$  ppm 2.48-2.51(3H, m), 3.23(3H, s), 3.76(3H, s), 3.97(3H, s), 4.99(2H, s), 6.00(1H, s), 7.19-7.22(3H, m), 7.42-7.46(2H, m), 7.59-7.62(3H, m).

Compound 256: m.p. 177-179 °C.  $\delta$  ppm 3.77(3H, s), 3.87(3H, s), 4.05(3H, s), 5.07(2H, s), 6.07(1H, s), 7.26(1H, m), 7.27-7.29(1H, m), 7.44-7.48(4H, m), 7.77-7.82(1H, m).

Compound 257: viscous oil.  $\delta$  ppm 1.45-1.48(6H, d), 3.85(3H, s), 4.06(3H, s), 4.53(1H, m), 5.00(2H, s), 5.75(1H, s), 7.22-7.26(1H, m), 7.30-7.33(2H, m), 7.43-7.49(3H, m), 7.53(1H, m), 7.65-7.69(2H, m).

Compound 261: viscous oil.  $\delta$  ppm 3.64(3H, s), 3.88(3H, s), 4.06(3H, s), 5.01(2H, s), 5.75(1H, s), 7.25-7.26(2H, m), 7.45-7.60(6H, m).

Compound 268: m.p. 98-100°C.  $\delta$  ppm 2.35(3H, s), 3.67(3H, s), 3.84(3H, s), 4.05(3H, s), 5.01(2H, s), 5.75(1H, s), 7.16-7.18(2H, m), 7.22-7.26(1H, m), 7.43-7.48(2H, m), 7.52-7.56(1H, m), 7.59-7.62(2H, m).

Compound 287: m.p. 142-143°C.  $\delta$  ppm 3.68(3H, s), 3.86(3H, s), 4.05(3H, s), 5.02(2H, s), 5.78(1H, s), 7.26-7.33(1H, m), 7.46-7.49(4H, m), 7.99(1H, m), 8.66(1H, m).

Compound 292: m.p. 124-126°C.  $\delta$  ppm 3.70(3H, s), 3.86(3H, s), 4.06(3H, s), 4.73-4.82(2H, m), 5.03(2H, s), 5.74(1H, s), 6.86-6.89(1H, d), 7.22-7.26(1H, m), 7.44-7.52(3H, m), 8.02-8.06(1H, m), 8.42-8.43(1H, m).

Compound 302: m.p. 99-101°C.  $\delta$  ppm 1.89(3H, s), 3.88(3H, s), 4.06(3H, s), 5.27(2H, s), 7.26(1H, m), 7.41-7.48(4H, m), 7.56-7.59(3H, m).

Compound 315: m.p. 94-96°C.  $\delta$  ppm 2.38(3H, s), 3.89(3H, s), 4.06(3H, s), 5.14(2H, s), 5.46(1H, s), 7.21-7.26(2H, m), 7.44-7.49(3H, m), 7.57-7.62(3H, m).

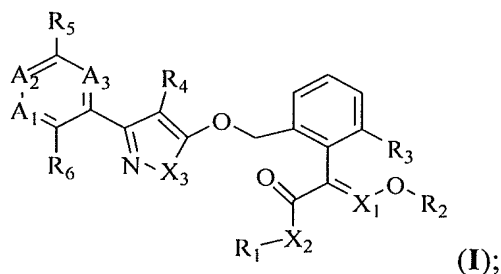


Table 3                      wherein:  $R_1, R_2=CH_3, R_3=H, X_1=N, X_2=NH$

No.	$X_3$	$R_4$	$R_5$	$R_6$	$A_1$	$A_2$	$A_3$
355	$NCH_3$	H	H	H	CH	CH	CH
356	$NCH_3$	H	H	H	CH	C-Cl	CH
357	$NCH_3$	H	H	H	CH	C-F	CH
358	$NCH_3$	H	H	H	CH	C- $NO_2$	CH
359	$NCH_3$	H	H	H	CH	C- $CF_3$	CH
360	$NCH_3$	H	H	H	CH	C-CN	CH

361	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
362	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-Cl	C-Cl
363	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	C-F	C-Cl	C-Cl
364	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	Cl	H	C-Cl	CH	CH
365	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-CH <sub>3</sub>	CH
366	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-Cl	CH
367	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-F	CH
368	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-NO <sub>2</sub>	CH
369	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
370	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-CN	CH
371	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
372	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-Cl	C-Cl
373	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	C-F	C-Cl	C-Cl
374	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	Cl	H	C-Cl	CH	CH
375	O	H	H	H	CH	CH	CH
376	O	H	H	H	CH	C-Cl	CH
377	O	H	H	H	CH	C-F	CH
378	O	H	H	H	CH	C-NO <sub>2</sub>	CH
379	O	H	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
380	O	H	H	H	CH	C-CN	CH
381	O	H	H	H	CH	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
382	O	H	H	H	CH	C-Cl	C-Cl
383	O	H	H	H	C-F	C-Cl	C-Cl
384	O	H	Cl	H	C-Cl	CH	CH
385	O	CH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	CH	C-Cl	CH
386	O	H	H	H	CH	C-CH <sub>3</sub>	CH
387	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-F	CH
388	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-NO <sub>2</sub>	CH
389	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
390	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-CN	CH
391	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
392	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-Cl	C-Cl
393	O	Cl	H	H	C-F	C-Cl	C-Cl
394	O	Cl	Cl	H	C-Cl	CH	CH
395	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	CH	N
396	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-Cl	N
397	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	N
398	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	Cl	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	N
399	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	CH	N
400	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-Cl	N
401	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	N
402	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	Cl	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	N
403	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	N	C-Cl	CH
404	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	N	C-F	CH
405	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	N	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
406	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	N	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
407	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	N	C-OCH <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
408	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	N	C-Cl	CH
409	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	N	C-F	CH
410	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	N	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
411	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	N	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
412	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	N	C-OCH <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
413	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	N	CH
414	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	CH	N	CH
415	O	H	H	H	CH	CH	N

416	O	H	H	H	CH	C-Cl	N
417	O	H	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	N
418	O	H	H	Cl	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	N
419	O	Cl	H	H	CH	CH	N
420	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-Cl	N
421	O	Cl	H	H	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	N
422	O	Cl	H	Cl	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	N
423	O	H	H	H	N	C-Cl	CH
424	O	H	H	H	N	C-F	CH
425	O	H	H	H	N	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
426	O	H	H	H	N	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
427	O	H	H	H	N	C-OCH <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
428	O	Cl	H	H	N	C-Cl	CH
429	O	Cl	H	H	N	C-F	CH
430	O	Cl	H	H	N	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	CH
431	O	Cl	H	H	N	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
432	O	Cl	H	H	N	C-OCH <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	CH
433	O	H	H	H	CH	N	CH
434	O	Cl	H	H	CH	N	CH
435	NPr i	H	H	H	CH	C-Cl	CH

Physical and chemical property and <sup>1</sup>HNMR spectrum (<sup>1</sup>HNMR, 300Hz, internal standard:TMS, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of some compounds of this invention are as follows:

Compound 355: viscous oil. δ ppm 2.90-2.92(3H, d), 3.67(3H, s), 3.96(3H, s), 5.02(2H, s), 5.82(1H, s), 6.80(1H, bs), 7.22-7.26(1H, m), 7.27-7.31(1H, m), 7.34-7.37(2H, m), 7.43-7.46(2H, m), 7.50-7.54(1H, m), 7.71-7.75(2H, m).

Compound 356: m.p. 133-135°C. δ ppm 2.92-2.93(3H, d), 3.74(3H, s), 3.96(3H, s), 5.05(2H, s), 5.86(1H, s), 6.81(1H, bs), 7.21-7.26(1H, m), 7.33-7.37(2H, m), 7.44-7.50(3H, m), 7.71-7.74(2H, m).

Compound 362: m.p. 106-108°C. δ ppm 2.91-2.93(3H, d), 3.49(3H, s), 3.97(3H, s), 5.21(2H, s), 6.07(1H, s), 6.83(1H, m), 7.26-7.34(2H, m), 7.44-7.50(5H, m).

Compound 365: m.p. 132-134°C. δ ppm 2.36(3H, s), 2.90-2.92(3H, d), 3.66(3H, s), 3.96(3H, s), 5.01(2H, s), 5.79(1H, s), 6.78(1H, bs), 7.16-7.26(3H, m), 7.43-7.50(3H, m), 7.61-7.64(2H, m).

Compound 385: m.p. 109-111°C. δ ppm 1.89(3H, s), 2.91-2.93(3H, d), 3.97(3H, s), 5.27(2H, s), 6.81(1H, bs), 7.26(1H, m), 7.41-7.46(4H, m), 7.57-7.60(3H, m).

Compound 386: m.p. 128-130°C. δ ppm 2.38(3H, s), 2.93-2.95(3H, d), 3.97(3H, s), 5.16(2H, s), 5.49(1H, s), 6.83(1H, bs), 7.21-7.26(3H, m), 7.43-7.46(2H, m), 7.54-7.57(1H, m), 7.61-7.63(2H, d).

Compound 407: m.p. 148-150°C. δ ppm 2.92-2.93(3H, d), 3.68(3H, s), 3.97(3H, s), 4.73-4.82(2H, m), 5.03(2H, s), 5.79(1H, s), 6.82(1H, bs), 6.85-6.89(1H, d), 7.22-7.26(1H, m), 7.43-7.50(3H, m), 7.52-8.06(1H, m), 8.44-8.45(1H, m).

Compound 408: m.p. 140-142°C. δ ppm 2.92-2.93(3H, d), 3.67(3H, s), 3.97(3H, s), 5.02(2H, s), 5.82(1H, s), 6.82(1H, bs), 7.26-7.30(1H, m), 7.32-7.33(1H, m), 7.44-7.50(3H, m), 7.99(1H, m), 8.69(1H, m).

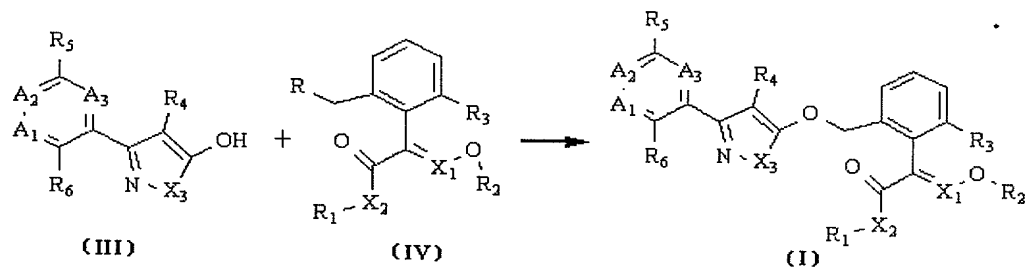
Compound 435: viscous oil. δ ppm 1.48-1.51(6H, d), 2.92-2.94(3H, d),



3.97(3H, s), 4.56(1H, m), 5.04(2H, s), 5.83(1H, s), 6.82(1H, bs), 7.21-7.26(1H, m), 7.29-7.35(2H, m), 7.43-7.52(3H, m), 7.74-7.76(2H, d).

The present invention also includes preparation of substituted azole compounds having formula I.

It can be prepared by reaction azoles compounds containing hydroxy group having general formula III with halomethylbenzene having general formula IV at the present of base:



wherein: R is leaving group, such as Cl or Br. Other groups are as defined above.

The proper solvent mentioned may be selected from tetrahydrofuran, acetonitrile, toluene, xylene, benzene, DMF, DMSO, acetone or butanone and so on.

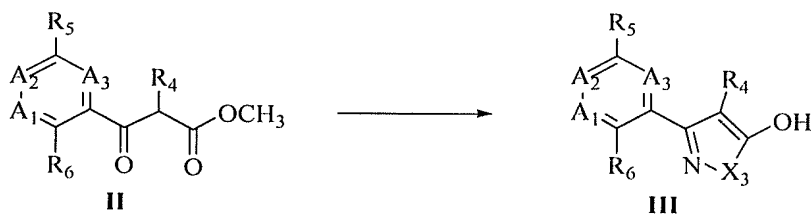
The proper base mentioned may be selected from potassium hydroxide, sodium hydroxide, sodium carbonate, potassium carbonate, sodium bicarbonate, triethylamine, pyridine, sodium methoxide, sodium ethoxide, sodium hydride, potassium or sodium tert-butoxide and so on.

The proper temperature mentioned is from room temperature to boiling point of solvent. Normal temperature is from 20 to 100°C.

The reaction may be finished after 30 minutes - 20 hours, generally 1-10 hours.

Compounds of the general formula (I) wherein  $X_1=N$ ,  $X_2=NH$  can be prepared easily by reaction of compounds of the general formula (I) wherein  $X_1=N$ ,  $X_2=O$  with methylamine.

Intermediate of the general formula (III) can be prepared by reaction of intermediate of the general formula (II) with (substituted)hydrazine or hydroxylamine according to known methods. Intermediate of the general formula (II) can be bought or prepared according to known methods, refer to US Pat. No. 3781438, CN1257490A, WO 9615115 and so on.



Some of the intermediates having general formula (III) are showed in table 4. The intermediates having general formula (IV) can be prepared according to known methods, refer to US Pat. No. 4723034 and US Pat. No. 5554578.

Table 4

No.	X <sub>3</sub>	R <sub>4</sub>	R <sub>5</sub>	R <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	MP(°C)
M1	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	192-193
M2	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-Cl	214-217
M3	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	C-H	C-Br	C-H	195-198
M4	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	C-H	C-F	C-H	182-185
M5	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	C-H	C-OCH <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	C-H	174-176
M6	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	C-H	C-OPh	C-H	176-178
M7	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	C-H	C-Ph-4-Cl	C-H	
M8	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	C-H	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	C-H	
M9	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	C-H	C-CH <sub>3</sub>	C-H	183-185
M10	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	C-H	C-C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	C-H	198-202
M11	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	C-H	C-NO <sub>2</sub>	C-H	254-256
M12	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	C-H	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	C-H	
M13	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	C-F	C-Cl	C-Cl	
M14	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	C-H	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	C-H	
M15	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	N	C-H	C-H	
M16	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	C-H	N	C-H	
M17	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	C-H	C-H	N	
M18	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	C-H	C-CN	C-H	
M19	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	C-H	C-CO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	C-H	
M20	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	C-H	C-SCH <sub>3</sub>	C-H	178-180
M21	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	C-H	C-SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	C-H	
M22	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	C-H	
M23	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	C-F	C-Cl	C-H	
M24	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	C-Cl	C-F	C-H	
M25	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	Cl	H	C-Cl	C-H	C-H	
M26	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	C-H	C-H	
M27	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	Cl	H	C-Cl	C-CH <sub>3</sub>	C-H	
M28	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	Cl	H	C-Cl	C-Cl	C-H	
M29	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	CH <sub>3</sub>	C-H	C-CH <sub>3</sub>	C-CH <sub>3</sub>	
M30	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	Cl	C-H	C-Cl	C-Cl	
M31	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	Cl	C-H	C-H	C-Cl	
M32	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	Cl	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-Cl	
M33	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	Cl	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	
M34	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	234-236
M35	NCH <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	
M36	NCH <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub> -i	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	
M37	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	C-H	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	C-H	198-200
M38	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Cl	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	218-220
M39	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Br	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	
M40	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CN	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	124-128
M41	NCH <sub>3</sub>	OCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	
M42	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	
M43	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	
M44	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	
M45	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>2</sub> CN	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	
M46	NC <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	H	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	
M47	NC <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	H	H	H	C-H	C-F	C-H	
M48	NC <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	

M49	NC <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub> -i	H	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	149-150
M50	NC <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub> -i	H	H	H	C-H	C-F	C-H	
M51	NC <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub> -i	CH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	
M52	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	C-H	C-OPh-4-Cl	C-H	
M53	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	C-H	C-OPh-4-Br	C-H	
M54	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	N	C-Cl	C-H	183-185
M55	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	N	C-OCH <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	C-H	196-199
M56	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	N	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	C-H	
M57	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	N	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	C-H	
M58	NC <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub> -i	H	H	H	N	C-Cl	C-H	
M59	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	Cl	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	N	
M60	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	Cl	CH	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	C-H	
M61	O	H	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	238-240
M62	O	H	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-Cl	
M63	O	H	H	H	C-H	C-Br	C-H	
M64	O	H	H	H	C-H	C-F	C-H	
M65	O	H	H	H	C-H	C-OCH <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	C-H	
M66	O	H	H	H	C-H	C-OPh	C-H	
M67	O	H	H	H	C-H	C-Ph-4-Cl	C-H	
M68	O	H	H	H	C-H	C-OCF <sub>3</sub>	C-H	
M69	O	H	H	H	C-H	C-CH <sub>3</sub>	C-H	120-122
M70	O	H	H	H	C-H	C-C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	C-H	
M71	O	H	H	H	C-H	C-NO <sub>2</sub>	C-H	178-180
M72	O	H	H	H	C-H	C-CF <sub>3</sub>	C-H	
M73	O	CH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	188-191
M74	O	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	
M75	O	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub> -i	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	
M76	O	Cl	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	
M77	O	Br	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	
M78	O	CN	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	
M79	O	CO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	
M80	O	CO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	
M81	O	CH <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	
M82	O	CH <sub>2</sub> CN	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	
M83	O	H	H	H	N	C-Cl	C-H	>300
M84	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	CH	CH	CH	194-197
M85	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	Cl	H	CH	CH	CH	
M86	NCH <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	CH	C-CH <sub>3</sub>	CH	232-235
M87	O	H	H	H	CH	CH	CH	124-126
M88	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	Cl	CH	CH	CH	261-263
M89	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	H	CH	CH	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	148-150
M90	NCH <sub>3</sub>	H	OMe	H	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	C-OCH <sub>3</sub>	CH	
M91	NCH <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub> -n	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	
M92	NCH <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub> -n	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	
M93	NCH <sub>3</sub>	OPh	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	
M94	NCH <sub>3</sub>	OPh-4-Cl	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	
M95	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Ph	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	
M96	NCH <sub>3</sub>	Ph-4-Cl	H	H	C-H	C-Cl	C-H	

Physical and chemical property and <sup>1</sup>HNMR spectrum (<sup>1</sup>HNMR, 300Hz, internal standard:TMS, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of some intermediates of this invention are as follows:

M1: δppm 3.57(3H, s), 5.69(1H, s), 7.29-7.32(2H, d), 7.64-7.67(2H, d).

M3: δppm 3.54(3H, s), 5.62(1H, s), 7.44-7.47(2H, d), 7.57-7.60(2H, d).

M4: δppm 3.55(3H, s), 5.62(1H, s), 7.10-7.16(2H, d), 7.67-7.72(2H, d).

M5: δppm 3.55(3H, s), 4.58-4.67(2H, q), 5.64(1H, s), 6.97-7.00(2H, d),

7.60-7.63(2H, d).

M6:  $\delta$ ppm 3.58(3H, s), 5.62(1H, s), 6.93-6.99(3H, m), 7.05-7.10(2H, m), 7.31-7.36(2H, m), 7.62-7.65(2H, m).

M9:  $\delta$ ppm 2.33(3H, s), 3.56(3H, s), 5.61(1H, s), 7.07-7.11(2H, d), 7.50-7.53(2H, d).

M10:  $\delta$ ppm 1.24-1.29(3H, t), 1.78(3H, s), 2.66-2.69(2H, m), 3.50(3H, s), 7.21-7.23(2H, d), 7.27-7.30(2H, d).

M11:  $\delta$ ppm 3.60(3H, s), 5.89(1H, s), 7.90-7.92(2H, d), 8.16-8.19(2H, d).

M12:  $\delta$ ppm 3.52(3H, s), 5.85(1H, s), 7.39(4H, s).

M20:  $\delta$ ppm 2.49(3H, s), 3.57(3H, s), 5.66(1H, s), 7.44-7.47(2H, d), 7.57-7.60(2H, d).

M34:  $\delta$ ppm 1.78(3H, s), 3.50(3H, s), 7.33-7.36(2H, d), 7.47-7.50(2H, d), 9.42(1H, bs).

M37:  $\delta$ ppm 1.91(3H,s),3.60(3H,s),3.87(3H,s),6.99-7.01(2H,d),7.24-7.27(2H,d).

M49:  $\delta$ ppm 1.38-1.40(6H, d), 4.44-4.48(1H, m), 5.66(1H, s), 7.28-7.31(2H, d), 7.66-7.68(2H, d), 10.66(1H, bs).

M55:  $\delta$ ppm 3.56(3H, s), 4.84-4.93(2H, m), 5.71(1H, s), 6.88-6.91(1H, d), 8.01-8.05(1H, dd), 8.41-8.42(1H, m).

M69:  $\delta$ ppm 2.39(3H, s), 5.53(1H, s), 7.27-7.30(2H, d), 7.56-7.60(2H, d).

M71:  $\delta$ ppm 4.38(1H, s), 7.79-7.82(2H, d), 8.16-8.19(2H, d).

M83:  $\delta$ ppm 4.62(1H, s), 7.47-7.50(1H, d), 7.99-8.02(1H, d), 8.59(1H, d).

M84:  $\delta$ ppm 1.79(3H, s), 3.51(3H, s), 7.31-7.33(2H, d), 7.45-7.47(2H, d).

M86:  $\delta$ ppm 1.77(3H, s), 2.38(3H, s), 3.49(3H, s), 7.19-7.22(2H, d), 7.26-7.29(2H, d).

M88:  $\delta$ ppm 3.49(3H, s), 5.71(1H, s), 6.98-7.05(2H, m), 7.26-7.31(2H, m).

The present invention also provides a composition of insecticides and fungicides, the active ingredients of the composition are the compounds having general formula (I), wherein the active ingredients being present in a total amount of 0.1 to 99% by weight.

The present invention, further more provides preparation method of the said composition thereon. The compounds of general formula (I) and their carrier are mixed. The said composition may be a single component compound or mixture of compounds with several components.

The carrier in the invention accords to the requirements: it is easy to apply to the sites being to be treated for the carrier after it is confected with active component. For example, the sites could be plant, seed or soil convenient for store, transport or operation. The carrier could be solid or liquid, including the liquid which usually turns from gas condition under pressure. And the carriers which are used to confect insecticidal, bactericidal composition are applied.

Suitable solid carriers include natural and synthetic clays and silicates, for example diatomaceous earths, talcs, magnesium aluminium silicates, aluminium silicates(kaoling), montmorillonites and micas; calcium carbonate; calcium sulphate; ammonium sulphate; synthetic silicon oxides and synthetic calcium silicates or

aluminium silicates; elements, for example carbon and sulphur; natural and synthetic resins, for example coumarone resins, polyvinyl chloride, and styrene polymers and copolymers; solid polychlorophenols; bitumen; waxes; beeswax or paraffinwax for instance.

Suitable liquid carriers include water, alcohols such as isopropanol or alcohol; ketones such as acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, methyl isopropyl ketone or cyclohexanone; ethers; aromatics such as benzene, xylene, toluene; petroleum fractions such as kerosene or mineral oils, chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons such as carbon tetrachloride, tetrachloride ethylene and or trichloride ethylene. Mixtures of these different liquids generally are often suitable.

The compositions of insecticides and fungicides are often formulated and transported in a concentrated form which is subsequently diluted by the user before application. The presence of small amounts of surfactant facilitates this process of dilution. Thus preferably at least one carrier in a composition according to the invention is a surfactant. For example the composition may contain at least two carriers, at least one of which is a surfactant.

A surfactant may be an emulsifier, a dispersant or a wetting agent; it may be nonionic or ionic. Examples of suitable surfactant include the sodium or calcium salts of polyacrylic acids and lignin sulphonic acids; the condensation products of fatty acids or aliphatic amines or amides containing at least 12 carbon atoms in the molecule with ethylene oxide and/or propylene oxide; fatty acid esters of glycol, sorbic alcohol, sucrose or pentaerythritol and condensations of these with ethylene oxide and/or propylene oxide; condensation products of fatty alcohol or alkyl phenols such as p-octylphenol or p-octylcresol, with ethylene-oxide and/or propylene oxide; sulphates or sulphonates of these condensation products; alkaline metal salts or alkaline earth metal salts, preferably sodium salts, of sulphuric or sulphonic acid esters containing at least 10 carbon atoms in the molecule, for example sodium lauryl sulphate, sodium secondary alkyl sulphates, sodium salts of sulphonated castor oil, and sodium alkylaryl sulphonates such as sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate.

Examples of compositions and formulations according to the invention are wettable powder, dustable powder, granule, aqueous solution, emulsifiable concentrate, emulsion, suspension concentrate, aerosol composition and fumigant. Wettable powder usually contains 25, 50 or 75% weight(ab.w) of active ingredient and usually contain in addition to solid inert carrier, 3-10% w of a dispersant and, where necessary, 0-10% w of stabiliser(s) and/or other additives such as penetrants or stickers. Dustable powder are usually formulated as a dust concentrate having a similar composition to that of a wettable powder but a dispersant, and are diluted with further solid carrier to give a composition usually containing 0.5-10% weight of active ingredient. Granules are usually prepared to have a size between 10 and 100 BS mesh (1.676-0.152 mm), and may be manufactured by agglomeration or impregnation techniques. Generally, granules contain 0.5-75% w active ingredient and 0-10% weight of additives such as stabilisers, surfactants, slow release modifiers. Emulsifiable concentrates usually contain, in addition to a solvent and, when necessary, co-solvent, 1-50% weight /volume (w/v) active ingredient, 2-20% w/v

emulsifiers and 0-20% w/v of other additives such as stabilisers, penetrants and corrosion inhibitors. Suspension concentrates are usually contain 10-75% w active ingredient, 0.5-15% w of dispersing agents, 0.1-10% w of other additives such as defoamers, corrosion inhibitors, stabilisers, penetrants and stickers.

Aqueous dispersant and emulsions, for example compositions obtained by diluting a wettable powder or a concentrate according to the invention with water, also lie within the scope of the invention. The said emulsions may be of the water-in-oil or of the oil-in-water type .

The composition to which one or more other fungicides are added has wider spectrum activity than single compound having general formula (I). In addition, other fungicides may have synergistic effect on the fungicidal activity of the compound having general formula (I). The compound having general formula (I) can also be used with other insecticides, or with another fungicide and other insecticides simultaneously.

The invention has the following advantages:

The compounds of present invention have wide spectrum fungicidal activity, and may be used to control diseases in all sorts of plants caused by oomycete, basidiomycete, ascomycete pathogens and deuteromycete, and it may also provide good control efficacy at very low dosage because of the high activity. These compounds have penetration activity and can be used as soil and foliar fungicides. They can provide satisfied control of cucumber downy mildew, cucumber grey mold, cucumber powdery mildew, tomato early blight, tomato late blight, phytophthora blight of pepper, grape downy mildew, grape white rot, apple ring rot, apple alternaria leaf spot, rice sheath blight, rice blast, wheat leaf rust, wheat leaf blotch, wheat powdery mildew, rapescalerotinirose, corn southern leaf blight.

The compounds of present invention have very good insecticidal and acaricidal activity, and may be used to control insects and mites, such as armyworm, diamond backmoth, aphids and culex mosquitoes. All these attributes are suitable for integrated insect management.

Therefore this invention also includes the application of the azol compounds of the general formula (I) and their compositions to control diseases and insects in plants. The use of methods are known to the technical personnel in the same field.

## **DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION IN DETAIL**

The following examples are illustrative of the present invention.

Preparation Example

**Example 1** the preparation of compound 2

2.12g of ethyl 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-oxopropanoate was dissolved in methanol, the solution was heated to reflux. Slightly excessive methyl hydrazine was added to the solution dropwisely, 3hr later, the reaction was traced by Thin-Layer Chromatography, and the solution was condensed, cooled, crystal obtained, and filtrated. The residue was washed with methanol, dried, 1.5g crystal of 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-ol was obtained.

1.04g of the above crystal of 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-ol was dissolved in 5ml of DMF, and NaH (0.36g) was added to the solution. then the solution was stirred for 30min. 1.42g of methyl (*E*)-2-[2-(bromomethyl)phenyl]-3-methoxyacrylate was added, the mixture was heated to 40 °C. 3hr later, the reaction was traced by Thin-Layer Chromatography, and the reaction mixture was poured into 50ml brine, extracted with 100ml ethyl acetate 3 times. The combined organic extracts were dried, and concentrated, to obtain the crude product. This was subjected to silica gel column chromatography, using a 1:4(volume/volume) mixture of ethyl acetate and petroleum ether(boiling point range: 60-90°C) as the eluting solution to obtain viscous oil 1.3 g of compound 2 (solidification after deposited).

**Example 2** the preparation of compound 69

0.15g of NaH was charged in a flask, washed with petroleum ether, DMF 5ml and 0.5g of 3-(6-chloropyridin-3-yl)-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-ol (prepared according to CN1257490A). After stirred at room temperature for 2 min, 0.7g of methyl (*E*)-2-[2-(bromomethyl)phenyl]-3-methoxyacrylate was added, the reaction temperature was rised to 60°C. 2hr later, the reaction was traced by Thin-Layer Chromatography, and the reaction mixture was poured into 50ml brine, extracted with 100ml ethyl acetate 3 times. The combined organic extracts were dried, and concentrated, to obtain the crude product. The crude product was purified through silica gel column and 0.2g of slight yellow solid was obtained.

**Example 3** the preparation of compound 86

According to method of US Pat. No. 3781438, 2g of ethyl 3-(4-nitrophenyl)-3-oxopropanoate was dissolved in methanol, slightly excessive hydroxylamine hydrochloride and equivalent amount of sodium hydroxide were added, the mixture was heated to reflux. 3hr later, the reaction was traced by Thin-Layer Chromatography, water was added to the reaction mixture, extracted with ethyl acetate, dried and concentrated to obtain 3-(4-nitrophenyl)isoxazol-5-ol as solid.

1g of the above crystal of 3-(4-nitrophenyl)isoxazol-5-ol was dissolved in DMF, and 0.4g of NaH was added to the solution, then the solution was stirred for 30min. 1.4g of methyl (*E*)-2-[2-(bromomethyl)phenyl]-3-methoxyacrylate was added, the mixture was heated to 50 °C. 6hr later, the reaction was traced by Thin-Layer Chromatography, and the reaction mixture was poured into 50ml brine, extracted with 100ml ethyl acetate 3 times. The combined organic extracts were dried, and

concentrated, the crude product was purified through silica gel column to obtain 1.5g compound as solid.

**Example 4** the preparation of compound **179**

The mixture was added 0.2g of compound 172 (prepared according to example 1), 0.08g of 4-chlorophenylboronic acid, 0.2g of anhydrous potassium carbonate, and 0.01g of tetrakis(phenyl)phosphine palladium acetate in 10ml of toluene was heated to reflux for 18hr, cooled down to room temperature and filtrated. The mother liquor was concentrated and purified through silica gel column to obtain 0.2g compound as solid.

**Example 5** the preparation of compound **248**

The mixture of 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-ol(1.0g), methyl (*E*)-2-[2-(bromomethyl)phenyl]-2-(methoxyimino)acetate(1.5g), and anhydrous potassium carbonate(2.1g) in DMF(15ml) was stirred and reacted at 70-80 °C for 7hr (the reaction was traced by Thin-Layer Chromatography), and then poured into 100ml brine, extracted with 100ml ethyl acetate 3 times. The combined organic extracts were dried, and concentrated. The crude product was purified through silica gel column to obtain 1.1g compound **248** as solid.

**Example 6** the preparation of compound **356**

0.2g of compound **248** was dissolved in 5ml of THF, and slightly excessive methylamine solution(25-30%) was added dropwisely to the solution. The mixture was refluxed for 1hr (the reaction was traced by Thin-Layer Chromatography), and then concentrated. Water was added to the residue, extracted with 10ml ethyl acetate 3 times, the combined organic extracts were dried, and concentrated. The crude product was purified through silica gel column to obtain 0.16g compound **356** as solid.

Other compounds were prepared according the above examples.

**Formulation example** Base on 100% active ingredient (weight/weight%)

**Example 7** 60% wettable powders

Compound 69	60%
Sodium dodecylnaphthalenesulfate	2%
Sodiumlignosulfonate	9%
Kaolin	complement to 100%

All the solid components are well mixed and shattered until the particle size reaches the standard( $\leq 44 \mu m$ ) in order to obtain 60% wettable powder.

**Example 8** 35% emulsion concentrate.

Compound 2	35%
Phosphorous acid	10%
Ethylenoxy aliphatic acid glycerin ester	15%
Cyclohexanone	complement to 100%



Phosphorous acid is dissolved in cyclohexanone, then the compound 2 and ethylenoxy aliphatic acid glycerin ester are added, the emulsifiable in transparent solution, 35% emulsion concentrate, is obtained finally.

**Example 9** 30% aqueous suspension

Compound 287	30%
Sodium dodecyl naphthalenesulfate	4 %
Hemicellulose	2%
Epoxypropane	8 %
Water	complement to 100%

The mixture of compound 287, 80% of the amount of water should being added and sodium dodecyl naphthalenesulfate are shattered in a mill (1mm ball). Other components are dissolved in the rest water, and are added under stirring to obtain 30% aqueous suspension.

**Example 10** 25% suspension emulsifier

Compound 12	25%
Alkylsulphonates (emulsifier 1)	4 %
Ethylenoxy aliphatic acid glycerin ester(emulsifier 2)	2%
Calcium dodecyl benzenesulfate (emulsifier 3)	1.5%
Polyethylenoxyalkyl propyl ether(dispersant)	2.5%
Cyclohexanone (solvent 1)	30%
Petroleum fractions (boiling point >200°C) (solvent 2)	complement to 100%

Compound 12 is dissolved in 80% of the amount of solvent should being added, and then emulsifiers and dispersant are added, the mixture is stirred completely and shattered in a mill (1mm ball). Other solvents are added.

## Biological testing

**Example 11** Determination of fungicidal activity

Determination of fungicidal activities against plant diseases of selected compounds were carried out by following procedure:

Technical samples were dissolved in DMF and diluted to required concentration with water containing 0.1% tween 80. Test solution was sprayed onto potted plant. Pathogen inoculation was carried out after 24 hours then plants were hold in growth chambers containing constant temperature and moisture for effect. When untreated plant was under desirable disease severity (after 1 week approximately), assessment were carried out by visual observation.

Part of the test results:

At 500 ppm, compound 1, 2, 4, 5, 11, 12, 30, 69, 74, 83, 84, 86, 165, 174, 179, 190, 248, 287, 356, 435 showed 100% control against wheat powdery mildew.

At 500 ppm, compound 1, 2, 4, 5, 11, 12, 30, 69, 74, 83, 84, 86, 190, 248, 287

showed 100% control against cucumber downy mildew.

At 500 ppm, compound 151, 247 showed 100% control against cucumber grey mold and wheat powdery mildew.

At 50 ppm, compound 1, 2, 4, 5, 30, 69, 84, 86, 287 showed 100% control against cucumber downy mildew and wheat powdery mildew.

At 100 ppm compound 2 showed more than 80% control against apple ring rot, wheat head blight, rape sclerotinose, grape white rot, apple alternaria leaf spot, tomato early blight, tomato late blight, corn southern leaf blight and grape downy mildew.

### **Example 12 Determination of insecticidal and acaricidal activity**

Determination of insecticidal and acaricidal activities against plant diseases of selected compounds were carried out by following procedure:

Technical samples were dissolved in acetone and diluted to required concentration with water containing 0.1% of tween 80. Armyworm, diamondback moth and green peach aphid were treated with Potter spraying tower, and culex mosquito was treated with dipping culture method. Mortality investigation of test insects was carried out 2 to 3 days after treatment.

Part of test results:

At 150ppm, compound 30 showed 100% control of armyworm, diamond backmoth, aphids and culex mosquitoes.